BOARD COMMUNICATIONS – MAY 12, 2023

TO: Members of the Board of Education
FROM: Superintendent, Robert G. Nelson, Ed.D.

SUPERINTENDENT – Robert G. Nelson, Ed.D.
S-1 Robert G. Nelson Superintendent Calendar Highlights

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL SERVICES – Patrick Jensen, Interim Chief Officer
BFS-1 Kim Kelstrom School Services Weekly Update Reports for May 05, 2023

INSTRUCTIONAL DIVISION – Dr. Natasha Baker, Chief Officer
ID-1 Jeremy Ward Career Technical Education Highlights
ID-2 Marie Williams Dual Language Immersion Transfers and Enrollment Process
ID-3 Marie Williams Teacher Academy Pipeline Opportunities
ID-4 Marie Williams Out-of-State Travel for Teacher Academy Participants
ID-5 Marie Williams IdeaFest 2023
From the Office of the Superintendent
To the Members of the Board of Education
Prepared by: Robert G. Nelson, Superintendent
Cabinet Approval:

Regarding: Superintendent Calendar Highlights

The purpose of this communication is to inform the Board of notable calendar items:

- Met with Latino Educational Roundtable
- Spoke at FASTA monthly meeting
- Attended and spoke at the 2023 Steve’s Scholars Scholarship Award Ceremony
- Attended and spoke at the Fresno State Press Conference regarding new initiative on admission for high school students
- Attended the Urban Education Dialogue Meeting

Approved by Superintendent
Robert G. Nelson Ed.D.  Date: 05/12/2023
From the Office of the Superintendent
To the Members of the Board of Education
Prepared by: Kim Kelstrom, Chief Executive
Cabinet Approval: [Signature]

Regarding: School Services Weekly Update Reports for May 05, 2023

The purpose of this board communication is to provide the Board a copy of School Services of California’s (SSC) Weekly Updates. Each week SSC provides an update and commentary on different educational fiscal issues. In addition, they include different articles related to education issues. The SSC Weekly Update for May 05, 2023 is attached and includes the following articles:

- TK Classroom Staff Qualifications – May 02, 2023
- Latest National Test Results Underscore Declining Knowledge of U.S. history and Civics – May 03, 2023
- California’s Population Decline is Slowing. These Counties Added and Lost the Most People – May 02, 2023

If you have any questions pertaining to the information in this communication, or require additional information, please contact Kim Kelstrom at 457-3907.

Approved by Superintendent
Robert G. Nelson Ed.D. [Signature] Date: 05/12/2023
DATE: May 5, 2023

TO: Robert G. Nelson
   Superintendent

AT: Fresno Unified School District

FROM: Your SSC Governmental Relations Team

RE: SSC’s Sacramento Weekly Update

With no policy committee hearings this week and no major transitional kindergarten-12 issues discussed by the Assembly and Senate Budget Subcommittees, we focused this week’s Sacramento Update on what is happening at the federal level and its implications for California and the 2023-24 State Budget.

Yellen Warns U.S. Could Default on Its Debt in June

Debt ceiling negotiations have become more urgent after U.S. Treasury Secretary Janet Yellen submitted a letter to Congress on Monday warning that the U.S. could default on its financial obligations as early as June 1, 2023. Yellen stated that while it is impossible to know the exact date when the U.S. will run out of cash, she urged Congress “to protect the full faith and credit of the United States by acting as soon as possible.”

The Congressional Budget Office, which does nonpartisan analyses for Congress, also reported on Monday that they saw a greater risk of the U.S. defaulting on its obligations in early June if a deal is not struck.

While the Biden Administration continues to insist that Congress pass a clean bill with no preconditions, the House Republican majority recently passed a bill to secure significant spending cuts in exchange for a debt limit increase. However, the democratically controlled Senate will likely not consider the bill. President Biden has invited congressional leaders to the White House to discuss the debt ceiling next Tuesday, May 9, 2023.

Economists have warned that allowing the U.S. to default on its financial obligations would be catastrophic and that a default could plunge the U.S. and world economies into a severe recession, which would have dire consequences on national and state revenues as well as on the 2023-24 State Budget.

This is not the first time that Congress has had high-pressure confrontations over the debt ceiling, and, while they have always found a way to raise the limit, there is a lot of pressure on House Speaker McCarthy (R-California) to gain concessions from the Biden Administration and congressional Democrats after needing 15 ballots to win the speakership this past January.
Federal Reserve Raises Rates Again

At the May 3 Federal Open Market Committee meeting, the Federal Reserve (Fed) increased its federal fund rate by a quarter percentage point (0.25%). Following the committee’s action, Fed Chair Jerome Powell noted that, while the economy is showing signs of cooling and inflationary pressures have eased since the Fed began tightening monetary policy last spring, the process of easing price pressures to 2.0% has “a long way to go.”

Chair Powell reinforced that the Fed will make monetary policy decisions month-to-month and will weigh inflation and other economic conditions that could curb price pressures. He noted specifically that the recent banking crisis will likely tighten credit markets for individuals and businesses, which could help further ease inflation. He also noted that the Fed is keenly aware that its monetary policy decisions could lead to below-normal economic growth but that it may be required in order to maximize employment and achieve price stability in the long term.

Whether or not the Fed’s action will catapult the economy into a recession is the multi-trillion dollar question, and will have significant implications for the State Budget and Proposition 98 revenues.

Leilani Aguinaldo
TK Classroom Staff Qualifications

By Patti F. Herrera, EdD, and Wendi McCaskill
School Services of California Inc.’s Fiscal Report
May 2, 2023

The implementation of universal transitional kindergarten (TK) no doubt has been top of mind for most school districts and charter schools since the state made a commitment to achieve universal access to TK by the 2025-26 school year. Local educational agencies (LEAs) across California have been working assiduously to provide TK facilities and staff to meet the needs of this growing population of young learners.

As we settle into this new normal of expanding our public education system to serve all four-year-olds, the state is signaling that the evolution of TK programs is not quite done, and on the table for change are the minimum qualifications of adults who support TK teachers in classrooms.

When Governor Gavin Newsom released his January State Budget proposal, his staff subsequently published proposed budget trailer bill language to establish new requirements for TK classroom staff that would need to be met beginning with the 2028-29 school year. Subsequently, Assemblymember Kevin McCarty (D-Sacramento) amended Assembly Bill (AB) 1192 to put his stake in the ground on the topic that offers an alternative to the Governor’s proposal.

The table below compares the Governor’s proposed qualifications for TK staff with those of AB 1192, as amended on May 1, 2023.

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<th>TK Staff Minimum Qualifications</th>
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TK Staff Minimum Qualifications

| In addition to these pathways leading to credential, adults who hold any level of a child development permit, or are enrolled in a program with supervised practicum experience leading to a child development permit, issued by the CTC |

In addition to minimum qualifications for TK staff, Governor Newsom and Assemblymember McCarty propose to allow LEAs to offer early TK admission to four-year-olds whose fifth birthday occurs during the following summer, which is prohibited by current law. And while the Governor proposes to delay the requirement for TK classrooms to maintain ratios of ten students for every one adult contingent upon a budget appropriation by one year, AB 1192 proposes to move to 10:1 TK classroom ratios in the 2025-26 school year.

We anticipate that the Governor and Assemblymember McCarty will reconcile the differences between these proposals as part of the 2023-24 budget negotiations. Stay tuned.

Note: Only 13% of students scored proficient in history and only 22% scored proficient in civics on the National Assessment of Educational Progress; 40% of students scored below the basic level of knowledge in U.S. history, a decline from 34% in 2018.

Latest National Test Results Underscore Declining Knowledge of U.S. history and Civics

Covid could be just one factor for nationwide in 8th grade NAEP scores

By John Fensterwald
The Sacramento Bee
May 3, 2023

Scores nationwide testing eighth graders’ understanding of U.S. history continued a decade of decline in 2022 and fell for the first time in civics, according to data released Tuesday.

Only 13% of students scored proficient in history and only 22% scored proficient in civics on the National Assessment of Educational Progress; 40% of students scored below the basic level of knowledge in U.S. history, a decline from 34% in 2018.
The implication is a large proportion of students lacking a strong foundation and understanding of the subjects are entering high schools where civics and history are facing highly politicized debates over content and instruction. Some California teachers are toning down or avoiding vigorous discussions to avoid contention.

“There are a number of schools implementing outstanding history and civics programs for youth in California and across the nation. But sadly, they are the exception and not the norm,” said Michelle Herczog, coordinator of history and social science instruction for the Los Angeles County Office of Education. “The dismal NAEP findings need to be a call to action for every American school, beginning in kindergarten, to energize the teaching of U.S. history and civics in non-partisan ways, as an educational priority.”

Said Leslie Muldoon, executive director of the National Assessment governing board, an independent body that sets policy for NAEP: “Schools at all grade levels have a core role to play in instruction around citizenship, knowledge and skills.”
The drop in results was not surprising; 2022 scores released last fall in math and reading plummeted in fourth and eighth grade nationally and, to a lesser extent, in California.

“Given what we already know about how Covid affected students’ reading and math skills, I think it’s important to emphasize the disruption caused by the pandemic,” said Martin West, the academic dean at the Harvard Graduate School of Education and a member of NAEP’s governing board.

But, he said, noting that U.S. history scores fell by a similar amount between 2014 and 2018, “I think it would be a mistake to say that this is all about the pandemic and not try to identify other factors that could be affecting students’ performance.”

While more than 100,000 students nationwide took the 2022 NAEP math and reading tests, only 7,800 eighth graders from 410 schools took the test in civics, and 8,000 eighth-graders from 410 schools took the history test — too few to provide results by state.

Based on a scale of 300 points, the average civics score of 150 in 2022 was 2 points lower than in 2018 and equal to the score in 1998, the first year for civics using the current framework. It is 28 points below the level designating proficiency.

Based on a scale of 500 points, the average eighth-grader’s U.S. history score was 258, a significant 5-point drop from 263 in 2018 and not significantly different from 259 in 1994, the first year the test was given. It is also 36 points below the level designating proficiency.

Lower scores in history especially were widespread and profound, covering all racial and

![2022 U.S. History score at grade 8 declines compared to 2018](image)

Based on a scale of 500 points, the average eighth-grader’s U.S. history score was 258, a significant 5-point drop from 263 in 2018 and not significantly different from 259 in 1994, the first year the test was given. It is also 36 points below the level designating proficiency.

Lower scores in history especially were widespread and profound, covering all racial and ethnic groups and all student achievement groups except for the highest achievers, the top 10% of performers. Their scores in history and civics held steady, another indication of the widening gap of achievement between the lowest and highest performing students that also were prevalent in math and reading. In civics, scores of students in the lowest 10th and 25th percentiles of performance fell, while scores didn’t drop among the top quarter of students.
“The top half of students are OK by the historical measure of bad performance, but the bottom half got worse, dragging down the distribution,” said another NAEP board member, Eric Hanushek, an economist and senior fellow with the Hoover Institution at Stanford University. “This reinforces our concern about polarization in general knowledge and views of civics and history among the next generation.”

Several factors could be at play. NEAP assessments, West said, “are always much better at telling us what’s happening with students than why.”

Low scores could point to weak comprehension skills. “Schools must focus on literacy from the earliest grades and sustain reading and background knowledge through middle school and beyond,” said Muldoon.

In 2022, there was a small drop in the proportion of eighth grade students who took a course primarily focused on U.S. history compared with four years earlier. Those students scored 12 points higher than students who took a course with only some U.S. history and 14 points higher than students who didn’t take a U.S. history course.

“We also know that there have been various pressures on schools that have unfortunately led elementary schools in particular to spend more instructional time on reading and math, less on science and social studies,” West said. Instead, schools should recognize that “building students’ background knowledge in areas like history and civics is crucial for their development as readers.”

“Especially in elementary school, instructional time on different subjects is not a zero-sum game,” he said.

Los Angeles Unified Superintendent Alberto Carvahlo, who also services on the NAEP board, agreed.

“I think there’s been a preponderance of emphasis on literacy and numeracy at the expense of other areas such as civics, such as technology. So I don’t think it’s surprising that we are looking at pretty dismal data,” he said.
What the tests measure

The U.S. history assessment measures eighth graders’ knowledge of four themes: change and continuity in American democracy; interactions of peoples, cultures and ideas; economic and technological changes and their impacts on society; and the changing role of America in the world.

The civics assessment measures knowledge about government and civil society; participatory skills essential for informed, effective and responsible citizenship; and civic dispositions that contribute to the individual effectiveness and the common good.

The assessment presents both multiple-choice and open-ended questions requiring written responses.

On the 2022 civics assessment, one question required knowledge of the Electoral College, with four options; 45% of students chose the right answer. A constructed response asked students to create rules to solve a lunchtime problem in which students hanging out in hallways were disrupting students still in classrooms; 69% of students gave a complete response explaining how their solutions would work for students and teachers.

On the 2022 U.S. history assessment, 84% of students picked correctly on a multiple-choice question asking about working conditions in a 19th-century factory. But only 6% got the full credit, needed for a proficient score, asking what two ideas from the Constitution or Declaration of Independence that Martin Luther King might have referred to in a less-known passage from his 1963 “I Have a Dream” speech.

Hanushek acknowledged that scoring proficient on NAEP U.S history reflects a high standard, requiring a deeper understanding of knowledge, while scoring basic does not—equivalent to naming the functions of the Legislature. Scoring below basic means you cannot talk about U.S. government functions, and “that should be a concern.”
Note: California continued to lose residents in 2022, but the state’s population decline is slowing as immigration ramps up again following the COVID-19 pandemic.

California’s Population Decline is Slowing. These Counties Added and Lost the Most People

By Lindsey Holden
The Sacramento Bee
May 2, 2023

California continued to lose residents in 2022, but the state’s population decline is slowing as immigration ramps up again following the COVID-19 pandemic.

The state is currently home to about 38.9 million people, down more than 138,400 year-over-year, according to the California Department of Finance. The 0.35% decline from 2022 to 2023 is an improvement over the 0.53% decrease that occurred between 2021 and 2022, when California lost more than 200,000 people.

The Department of Finance calculates the population numbers using data collected from birth and death records, driver license address changes, tax return information, Medicare and Medi-Cal enrollment, immigration reports, school enrollments and other sources.

The agency attributes the slowdown in the population decline to a significant uptick in immigration and “natural increase,” or net births minus deaths.

Almost three times as many immigrants came to California in 2022, compared to 2021. That took the state from a net gain of 31,300 in 2021 to more than 90,000 in 2022.

On the natural increase side, births decreased slightly, while deaths also declined.

“While foreign immigration to California has nearly returned to pre-pandemic levels, natural increase has not rebounded,” the department said in a statement. “Total births remain low due to fertility declines; while deaths have eased gradually from their pandemic peak, they remain elevated.”

Which counties saw gains and losses?

California in 2022 lost population in all but 12 of its 58 counties. Growth in inland counties, including those in the Central Valley and Inland Empire, “slowed but remained positive,” the agency reported. With one exception — San Benito County on the northern Central Coast — all coastal counties, known for their higher cost of living, lost population.

Lassen (-4.3%), Del Norte (-1.3%) and Plumas (-1.2%) counties in Northern California lost the most people. Los Angeles County saw a 0.75% population decline, San Diego County a 0.2% dip and Orange County a 0.5% decrease.

Increased housing construction drew more people to Paradise in Butte County, which experienced a 24.1% population increase as it continues to recover from the 2018 Camp Fire.
Lathrop in San Joaquin County was up 11%, Duarte in Los Angeles County added 6.6% and Wheatland in Yuba County grew by 4.6%.

The Department of Finance attributes the continuing population decline to fewer people moving to California and more moving out.

The departures have been highly politicized, with Republicans claiming Democrats’ liberal policies are driving away the wealthy and the taxes they pay.

However, the Public Policy Institute of California tends to agree with the Department of Finance’s assessment that remote work options created during the pandemic have led higher-income people to move to less expensive places. Most people who leave the state move due to family, cost of living and job factors.

The Public Policy institute reported many people cite housing costs as their reason for moving, although conservatives are more likely to consider leaving California than liberals.
The purpose of this board communication is to provide the Board information on Career Technical Education (CTE) outcomes that are impacting our students, staff, and community.

Edison High School has three students in the Engineering Design and Development pathway that were accepted into a paid internship program for summer 2023 with Raytheon Technologies. This will be a four-week, 80-hour, compensated experience facilitated by NAF educators and alumni and Raytheon staff.

The Public Service pathway at Hoover High School is Linked Learning Silver certified by the Linked Learning Alliance.

Duncan Polytechnical high School has two students who won gold medals in nursing and electrical at the Skills USA State Competition and will represent Fresno Unified at Nationals in June 2023.

Roosevelt High School has five students in the Health Academy that were accepted into the Fresno City College Future Health Professionals cohort based on their CTE pathway experience and embedded dual enrollment opportunities.

The Law and Public Safety Education Network recognized Bullard’s Law and Social Justice pathway, Hoover’s Public Service pathway and Roosevelt’s Public Service pathway with national accreditation.

Bullard Biomedicine and Edison Biomedicine pathways were recognized by Project Lead the Way as 2023/23 Distinguished Schools.

As of May 03, 2023, CTE has tracked 165,854 work-based learning experiences for students that include: 1,260 work permits, 8,374 industry-recognized certifications, and 724 internships.

If you have any questions pertaining to the information in this communication, or require additional information, please contact Jeremy Ward at 248-7534.
Regarding: Dual Language Immersion Transfers and Enrollment Process

The purpose of this board communication is to provide the Board with information regarding the transfers and enrollment process for our Dual Language Immersion (DLI) Programs. In response to a request from the Board to provide clear guidance to parents on the process to enroll in our DLI programs, English Learner Services has created a visual graph that identifies the steps parents would take to apply and how this process is differentiated between our neighborhood/site based DLI programs and our choice school DLI programs.

This document will be shared with our families, posted on our website, and included in our Master Plan for English Learner Success. It will also be translated in Spanish and Hmong.

Use the link below to access this document.

FUSD DLI Enrollment Flowchart.pdf

If you have any questions pertaining to the information in this communication, or require additional information, please contact Erica Piedra at 559-288-7034.
**NEIGHBORHOOD/SITE-BASED DLI SCHOOLS:**
- Priority enrollment for students living within the school attendance boundary.
- Open to transfers when space is available.

**Schools:** Birney, Burroughs, Calwa, Centennial, Herrera, Hidalgo, Jackson, Lane, Roeding, Rowell, Winchell, Balderas (Hmong DLI), Vang Pao (Hmong DLI)

**Request** DLI program placement at neighborhood school site **if residing within attendance boundary.**

**Apply** for DLI Program through the Transfers Office **if residing outside school attendance boundary.**

**Entry is recommended at Preschool, TK and Kindergarten grades.** Students are **enrolled on a first-come, first-served basis** when space is available at the requested neighborhood school and grade while maintaining a linguistic balance.

**Students in grades 1st-12th** must meet minimum proficiency in *Speaking, Listening, Reading, and Writing skills* in the Spanish or Hmong language to be eligible for enrollment in a DLI Program.

*Required assessment administered by Language Assessment*

**CHOICE DLI SCHOOLS:**
- Open enrollment for all students.
- Priority enrollment for students living within FUSD attendance boundaries.

**Schools:** Ewing, Leavenworth, Sunset, Wawona K-8, Yosemite MS, McLane HS

**Apply** for DLI Program placement at a choice school through the Transfers Office.

**Transfer Request Application must be submitted between September 1st and December 1st for the following school year to receive priority for selection.**

**Entry is recommended at Preschool, TK and Kindergarten grades.** Students are **selected using a random lottery** when space is available at the requested choice school and grade while maintaining a linguistic balance.

**For additional information on Site-Based Enrollment, contact the neighborhood school office.**

https://els.fresnounified.org/spanish-dual-language-immersion/

**For additional information on Choice School Enrollment, contact the Transfers Office at 559-248-7538.**

https://staffed.fresnounified.org/transfers/

Use the QR code to access list of DLI schools

DRAFT 05.05.23
Regarding: Teacher Academy Pipeline Opportunities

The purpose of this board communication is to provide the Board with a response to a question that surfaced at the Board meeting held on April 26, 2023. A question was asked about current Teacher Academy opportunities available to students in addition to the McLane High School teacher pathway.

Teacher Development is committed to building a workforce that reflects the values and cultural diversity of the community of students we serve. The teacher pipeline consists of 18 programs that support aspiring, new, and existing teachers. As part of the “Grow Our Own” model, the Teacher Academy Program is a pipeline program that aims to invest in cultivating teachers as early as high school to address the teacher shortage and increase the diversity within the teaching workforce.

Through the collaborative efforts of Teacher Development, College and Career Readiness, and Human Resources departments, the Teacher Academy Program offers participating high school juniors and seniors unique teaching and learning experiences.

High School Pathway Program
Teacher Academy high school pathways connect classroom learning with real-world experiences in teaching. Students learn skills needed to become teachers and apply those skills in elementary classroom settings. Teacher Academy pathways are offered at: Bullard, Edison, Hoover, McLane, Roosevelt, and Sunnyside regions.

Tutoring Work Experience
The purpose of the Tutoring Program is for Teacher Academy high school participants to provide academic tutoring to elementary students within the afterschool programs. There are currently 39 students participating to support Bullard, Edison, McLane, and Sunnyside regions with afterschool tutorials. Teacher Academy students were recruited directly from the high school pathway.

Saturday Program
The Saturday program meets monthly from September to April and focuses on developing and teaching Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math (STEM) lessons. Teacher Academy Saturday participants implement STEM lessons during Winter or Summer Camps and compete in the Educator Rising national competition in the category of lesson planning and delivery. There were 122 students in the Saturday program in the 2022/23 school year.

Summer Work Experience Program
For the 2023 Summer Program, Teacher Development has received over 400 applications for paraprofessional internships. During this program, Teacher Academy students will work directly with a classroom teacher as a paraprofessional to support literacy, mathematics, and language support. Each participant receives professional learning in classroom management, growth mindset, and lesson planning.
All high school graduates from the Teacher Academy program are recruited to join the subsequent teacher pipeline program, Para Academy. The program also offered support to prepare for the Test for Adult Basic Education (TABE). High school graduates that pass the TABE Test are eligible to apply for classified employment.

If you have any questions pertaining to the information in this communication, or require additional information, please contact Teresa Morales-Young at 457-6072.

Approved by Superintendent
Robert G. Nelson Ed.D. [Signature]  Date: 05/12/2023
From the Office of the Superintendent
To the Members of the Board of Education
Prepared by: Marie Williams, Ed.D., Instructional Superintendent & Teresa Morales-Young, Administrator
Cabinet Approval: [Signature]

Regarding: Out-of-State Travel for Teacher Academy Participants

The purpose of this board communication is to provide the Board information regarding an out-of-state field trip for Teacher Academy students on June 28 through July 2, 2023.

Pursuant to Board Policy 6153, “The Board will receive notification of field trips involving out-of-state travel by students.” Attached is pertinent information regarding the out-of-state field trip for Fresno Unified’s Teacher Academy students.

Four Teacher Academy students are scheduled to attend the upcoming 2023 Educators Rising National Conference in Orlando, Florida. During the conference, Teacher Academy students will participate in the highly competitive Science, Technology, Engineering, and Math (STEM) lesson planning competition. Accompanied by their coordinators and a manager from Teacher Development, the students will attend various conference sessions.

In 2019, Teacher Academy students competed in the Educators Rising National Competition. Through their hard work and dedication, a student from Edison High School earned the first-place trophy in the STEM lesson planning competition. This is one example of the exceptional caliber of students in Fresno Unified’s Teacher Academy Program achieving their greatest potential. Teacher Academy students are poised to shape the future of education in Fresno Unified School District.

If you have any questions pertaining to the information in this communication, or require additional information, please contact Teresa Morales-Young at 457-6072.

Approved by Superintendent
Robert G. Nelson Ed.D. [Signature] Date: 05/12/2023
Regarding: IdeaFest 2023

The purpose of this board communication is to provide the Board with an update regarding the second annual IdeaFest that occurred on Saturday, April 22 held at the Historic Old Administration Building at Fresno City College.

The IdeaFest 2023 theme was Pandemic: Reflection, Recovery, and Re-imagination. Fresno Unified School District students with support from teachers showcased their talents, and creativity by highlighting the challenges, resiliency, and connection of our Fresno community.

The event featured:

- Over 300 Transitional Kindergarten through twelfth grade students demonstrated their learning through project-based models which included art, visuals, music, and dance.
- Over 38 teachers dedicated 30+ hours to supporting student projects.
- 29 schools with 45 booths participated from across all regions.
- 143 student art submissions were entered, local judges selected nine winners across a span of grade levels.
- 70 students from across all seven comprehensive high schools came together as Honor Choir, Honor Orchestra, and Honor Band to perform a ground-breaking “Ode to Joy” concert.

IdeaFest continues to provide a unique platform for students across all grade levels to engage and learn from each other through expression and creatively. For example, Design Science Middle College partnered with Heaton Elementary for one exhibit showcasing their collective efforts to design and curate a Heaton sustainable garden. High School students from McLane honored and praised the creativity and thinking of our Transitional Kindergarten students from Addams in collaboration.

Looking ahead to IdeaFest 2024, we are excited to announce next year’s theme: “Fresno, My Home”, promoting and advocating for local community, education, and the arts.

If you have any questions pertaining to the information in this communication, or require additional information, please contact Edith Navarro at 457-3748.

Approved by Superintendent
Robert G. Nelson Ed.D.  Date: 05/12/2023